veriT at SMT-COMP 2020

Haniel Barbosa¹, Daniel El Ouraoui², Pascal Fontaine^{2,3}, Hans-Jörg Schurr^{2⋆}

¹ Department of Computer Science, Universidade Federal de Minas Gerais (UFMG) hbarbosa@dcc.ufmg.br

² CNRS, Inria, and the University of Lorraine, Nancy, France; {daniel.elouraoui, pascal.fontaine, hans-jorg.schurr}@loria.fr

³ Université de Liège, Belgium

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veriT is a satisfiability modulo theory (SMT) solver developed by University of Lorraine, Inria (Nancy, France). veriT provides an open, trustable and reasonably efficient decision procedure [4] for the logic of quantifier-free formulas over uninterpreted symbols, linear real arithmetics, and the combination thereof. It also handles linear arithmetics over integers, and has quantifier reasoning using trigger- and conflict-based instantiation [2] as well as enumerative instantiation [8]. Recently, veriT was extended to higher order logic [3]. Also, veriT is proof-producing [6, 1]. In the past year proof-production was further refined to facilitate reconstructed in the Isabelle/HOL proof assistant [7].

veriT is written in C and accepts the input formats SMT-LIB 2.6 and DI-MACS. It integrates a $CDCL(\mathcal{T})$ -based boolean satisfiability engine with a Nelson-Oppen like combination of decision and semi-decision procedures with propagation of model equalities, and implements simplifications such as symmetry-based reductions [5]. The tool is open-source and distributed under the BSD licence.

The veriT version competing in SMT-COMP 2020 features new quantifier instantiation heuristics and an improved scheduling script.

To prevent saturating the solver with unhelpful instances created by trigger-based and enumerative instantiation, we added a parameter to limit the number of generated instances for each quantified formula. A second parameter restricts skolemization. To eliminate existential quantifiers veriT introduces skolem constants. This can lead to runaway behavior. In particular, when an existential quantifier appears under a universal quantifier. In this case a new skolem constant is introduced for every new instance, creating as meany constants as new instances. To avoid this phenomenon a counter is attached to each skolemized formula and the parameter is used to decide whether the formula should be skolemized.

As in earlier versions of veriT, a scheduling script runs the executable according to a fixed list of command line options together with a timeout. In the past this list was handcrafted, which complicated updates. We now generate it automatically. To do so we first collected the necessary solving time of the SMT-LIB benchmarks for a predefined list of options. Using a fixed set of timeouts

 $^{^{\}star}$ The author order is strictly alphabetic.

we then encoded this as an integer programming problem that maximizes the number of problems solved in the total timeout. In a second step we calculated the order of the resulting option list that minimizes the total CPU time. We used this process to generate a second scheduler optimized for a timeout of 24 second. This variant participates out of competition as veriT+vite.

veriT participates in the following divisions: ALIA AUFLIA AUFLIRA LIA UF UFIDL UFLIA UFLRA QF_ALIA QF_AUFLIA QF_IDL QF_LIA QF_LRA QF_RDL QF_UF QF_UFIDL QF_UFLIA QF_UFLRA.

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