

# SMTInterpol

Version 2.1-254-geb3b2f8

Jochen Hoenicke, Tanja Schindler  
University of Freiburg  
{hoenicke,schindle}@informatik.uni-freiburg.de

May 15, 2016

## Description

SMTInterpol is an SMT solver written in Java and available under LGPL v3. It supports the quantifier-free combination of the theories of uninterpreted functions, linear arithmetic over integers and reals, and arrays. Furthermore it can produce models, proofs, unsatisfiable cores, and interpolants. The solver reads input in SMTLIB format. It includes parsers for DIMACS, AIGER, and SMTLIB version 1.2 and 2.

The solver uses variants of standard algorithms for CNF conversion [PG86], congruence closure [NO05], Simplex [DdM06] and branch-and-cut for integer arithmetic [CH15a, DDA09]. The array decision procedure is based on *weak equivalences* [CH15b]. Theory combination is performed based on partial models produced by the theory solvers [dMB08].

The main focus of SMTInterpol is the application track where the incremental usage of the solver is required. This track simulates the typical application of SMTInterpol where a user asks multiple queries. The main focus of the development team of SMTInterpol is the interpolation engine [CHN13]. This makes it useful as a backend for software verification tools. In particular, Ultimate-Automatizer, the winner of the SV-COMP 2016, uses SMTInterpol.

## Competition Version

The version submitted to the SMT-COMP 2016 is a preliminary release of version 2.2. This release will include quantifier-free interpolation for the theory of arrays which is still missing in the current solver.

Further information about SMTInterpol can be found at

<http://ultimate.informatik.uni-freiburg.de/smtinterpol/>

The sources are available via GitHub

<https://github.com/ultimate-pa/smtinterpol>

## Authors

The code was written by Jochen Hoenicke, Juergen Christ, Alexander Nutz, Pascal Raiola, and Tanja Schindler.

## Logics, Tracks and Magic Number

SMTInterpol participates in all tracks: the main track, the application track, and the unsat core track. It supports the logics QF\_UF, QF\_IDL, QF\_RDL, QF\_LIA, QF\_LRA, QF\_LIRA, QF\_AX and every combinations of these logics: QF\_ALIA, QF\_AUFLIA, QF\_AUFLIRA, QF\_UFIDL, QF\_UFLIA, QF\_UFLRA.

Magic Number: 3 536 504

## References

- [CH15a] Jürgen Christ and Jochen Hoenicke. Cutting the mix. In *CAV*, pages 37–52, 2015.
- [CH15b] Jürgen Christ and Jochen Hoenicke. Weakly equivalent arrays. In *FROCOS*, pages 119–134, 2015.
- [CHN13] Jürgen Christ, Jochen Hoenicke, and Alexander Nutz. Proof tree preserving interpolation. In *TACAS*, pages 124–138, 2013.
- [DDA09] Isil Dillig, Thomas Dillig, and Alex Aiken. Cuts from proofs: A complete and practical technique for solving linear inequalities over integers. In *CAV*, pages 233–247, 2009.
- [DdM06] Bruno Dutertre and Leonardo de Moura. A fast linear-arithmetic solver for DPLL(T). In *CAV*, pages 81–94, 2006.
- [dMB08] Leonardo de Moura and Nikolaj Bjørner. Model-based theory combination. *Electr. Notes Theor. Comput. Sci.*, 198(2):37–49, 2008.
- [NO05] Robert Nieuwenhuis and Albert Oliveras. Proof-producing congruence closure. In *RTA*, pages 453–468. Springer, 2005.
- [PG86] David A. Plaisted and Steven Greenbaum. A structure-preserving clause form translation. *J. Symb. Comput.*, 2(3):293–304, 1986.