System Description: SONOLAR SMT-COMP 2014

Florian Lapschies, Jan Peleska, Elena Gorbachuk FB3/AGBS University of Bremen 28359 Bremen, Germany {florian,jp,elenav}@informatik.uni-bremen.de

May 27, 2014

SONOLAR, the <u>So</u>lver for <u>non-linear Ar</u>ithmetic, is an SMT-solver for the theory of bit-vectors and for bit-vectors with arrays. It uses bit-blasting to translate constraints to a Boolean formula and lets a SAT solver decide the satisfiability. For handling arrays, the lemmas on demand approach described in [2] has been adopted.

First, a series of word-level simplification rules are applied to the input formula, which is then converted to an And-Inverter Graph. After performing bit-level simplifications a Boolean CNF formula is generated and fed to a SAT solver. Glucose 3.0, which is based on Minisat 2.2, is used as the default SAT solver [1, 5]. It's built-in preprocessor is utilized for QF_BV formulas, whereas QF_ABV benchmarks are solved without.

SONOLAR is targeted for automatic test data generation in the field of model-based testing and C/C++-unit testing [6, 8, 7, 4]. SONOLAR is implemented in C++. During development many bugs have been found using Robert Brummayer's and Armin Biere's fabulous fuzzing and delta-debugging tools [3].

The latest version of SONOLAR is available under http://informatik. uni-bremen.de/agbs/florian/sonolar/ for various platforms.

SONOLAR will enter the competition with a random seed of 4.

References

- Gilles Audemard and Laurent Simon. Predicting learnt clauses quality in modern sat solvers. In *Proceedings of the 21st International Jont Conference* on Artifical Intelligence, IJCAI'09, pages 399–404, San Francisco, CA, USA, 2009. Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Inc.
- [2] Robert Brummayer and Armin Biere. Lemmas on Demand for the Extensional Theory of Arrays. In Proc. 6th Intl. Workshop on Satisfiability Modulo Theories (SMT'08), New York, NY, USA, 2008. ACM.
- [3] Robert Brummayer and Armin Biere. Fuzzing and delta-debugging SMT solvers. In Proceedings of the 7th International Workshop on Satisfiability Modulo Theories, SMT '09, pages 1–5, New York, NY, USA, 2009. ACM.

- [4] Gustavo Carvalho, Flávia de Almeida Barros, Florian Lapschies, Uwe Schulze, and Jan Peleska. Model-based testing from controlled natural language requirements. In *FTSCS*, pages 19–35, 2013.
- [5] Niklas Eén and Niklas Sörensson. An Extensible SAT-solver. In SAT, pages 502–518, 2003.
- [6] Tatiana Mangels and Jan Peleska. Ctgen a unit test generator for c. In SSV, pages 88–102, 2012.
- [7] Jan Peleska, Artur Honisch, Florian Lapschies, Helge Löding, Hermann Schmid, Peer Smuda, Elena Vorobev, and Cornelia Zahlten. Embedded Systems Testing Benchmark, 2011. http://www.mbt-benchmarks.org.
- [8] Jan Peleska, Elena Vorobev, and Florian Lapschies. Automated Test Case Generation with SMT-Solving and Abstract Interpretation. In Mihaela Bobaru, Klaus Havelund, Gerard J. Holzmann, and Rajeev Joshi, editors, Nasa Formal Methods, Third International Symposium, NFM 2011, volume 6617 of LNCS, pages 298–312, Pasadena, CA, USA, April 2011. Springer.